

**“Accumulation of Human and Nonhuman Capital in the United States, 1975-2012:  
An Analysis by Gender”**

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The proposed paper will cover a continuous and longer time period than previously possible to examine human and nonhuman capital. Recent research by Christian (2017) used the U.S. Census and Bureau of Labor Statistics’ Current Population Survey’s March and October supplements to create a consistent human capital time series from 1975 through 2013. Previous research covered 1949-1984 and 1998-2009, so it did not have human capital estimates for the middle period, and it did not include breakouts by gender (Fraumeni, Christian, Samuels, 2017). During 1975-2012 there were significant changes in participation by women and educational attainment of and time in household production by both women and men. Compared to previous papers, this paper will focus on the presentation and analysis of trends human capital by gender. Both the market and nonmarket sectors will be covered as well as multifactor productivity with and without human capital. (The previous paper listed below described the national income accounting system which underlies both the much earlier papers by Jorgenson and Fraumeni and this proposed paper.) New insights will be gained by looking in detail at the 1975-2012 time period.

Michael S. Christian (2017) “Net Investment and Stocks of Human Capital in the United States, 1975-2013,” *International Productivity Monitor*, Number 33, Fall, pp. 128-149.

Fraumeni, Barbara M., Jon D. Samuels, and Michael S. Christian (2017) “Accumulation of Human and Nonhuman Capital, Revisited,” *Review of Income and Wealth*, series 63, supplement 2, December, pp. S381-S410.